Configuration Guide

Vaisala Air Quality Transmitter
AQT530

VAISALA

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1. About this document

1.1 Version information

This document provides instructions for configuring Vaisala Air Quality Transmitter AQT530.

Table 1   Document versions (English)

Document code	Date	Description
M212572EN-C	September 2021	• Modbus register address type updated for 0x0066 - 0x006B • Default parity for `rs485_parity` updated
M212572EN-B	April 2021	For device SW version 3.1: • Modbus version 1.2 • CLI version 1.2 Main changes: • Added support for PM_1 observations (CLI, Modbus, ASCII CSV) • Added support for measurement values without linear correction (CLI and Modbus) • Added humidity invalidation flags for each PM value (Modbus) • Added device status monitoring (CLI and Modbus) • Updated default Modbus serial port settings • Updated and added some examples Changes to CLI: • Added commands `status` and `meas --nolc` • Added PM_1 to `lpc --meas` output • Added parameters `pm1_zero` and `pm1_span` Changes to Modbus: • Added device status registers 0x004B - 0x004C • Added measurement data registers 0x006C - 0x0075 • Added humidity invalidation flag registers 0x007C - 0x007E for PM_1, $PM_{2.5}$, and PM_{10} • Updated LPC humidity invalidation flag register 0x007B • Added span and zero registers 0x0096 - 0x0097 for PM_1
M212572EN-A	February 2021	First version. For device SW version 3.0: • Modbus version 1.1 • CLI version 1.1

1.2 Related manuals

Table 2   AQT530 manuals

Document code	Name
M212573EN	*Vaisala Air Quality Transmitter AQT530 Setup Guide*

Document code	Name
M212572EN	*Vaisala Air Quality Transmitter AQT530 Configuration Guide*
M212580EN	*Vaisala Air Quality Transmitter AQT530 Maintenance Guide*

The documentation is available online at http://www.vaisala.com/aqt530.

1.3 Documentation conventions

WARNING! **Warning** alerts you to a serious hazard. If you do not read and follow instructions carefully at this point, there is a risk of injury or even death.

CAUTION! **Caution** warns you of a potential hazard. If you do not read and follow instructions carefully at this point, the product could be damaged or important data could be lost.

Note highlights important information on using the product.

Tip gives information for using the product more efficiently.

Lists tools needed to perform the task.

Indicates that you need to take some notes during the task.

1.4 Trademarks

Vaisala® is a registered trademark of Vaisala Oyj.

Modbus® is a registered trademark of Schneider Automation Inc.

Microsoft® and Windows® are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and other countries.

2. Product overview

2.1 Vaisala Air Quality Transmitter AQT530
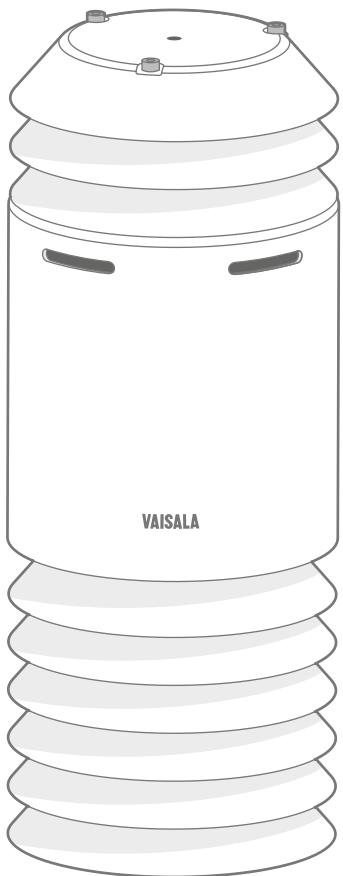
Vaisala Air Quality Transmitter AQT530 measures the pollution content of ambient air. AQT530 is available in different models for measuring gases, particles, or both.

AQT530 is specifically designed for air quality monitoring networks in areas with traffic, road networks, or around transportation hubs.

Thanks to its small weight, compact size, and good precision it is ideally suited for deployment especially in large air quality networks. The measurement data can be sent wirelessly to a web-based database with a gateway solution and it is also available locally through a serial interface.

2.2 Safety

This product has been tested for safety. Note the following precautions:

WARNING! Do not replace components when the system is powered up. Disconnect all power sources before performing maintenance procedures.

WARNING! Do not substitute parts or modify the system, or install unsuitable parts in the system. Improper modification can damage the product or lead to malfunction.

WARNING! Assess the risks from the installation work. Consider also the effects of local weather conditions.

WARNING! Failure to comply with these precautions or with specific warnings elsewhere in these instructions violates safety standards of design, manufacture, and intended use of the product. Vaisala assumes no liability for the customer's failure to comply with these requirements.

WARNING! If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by Vaisala, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

WARNING! Follow local and state legislation and regulations on occupational safety.

WARNING! Do not attempt to open the laser particle counter (LPC) for service. Removing the cover may cause exposure to harmful class 3B laser radiation and electrical shock.

CAUTION! Improper modification can damage the product or lead to malfunction. Any modification voids your warranty.

2.2.1 Eye safety

Vaisala Air Quality Transmitter AQT530 is classified as a Class 1 laser device in accordance with International Standard IEC 60825-1. It complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for conformance with IEC 60825-1 ED. 3., as described in the Laser Notice No. 56, dated May 8,2019. A Class 1 laser device is safe under all conditions of normal use.

AQT530 incorporates a Class 3B laser. The laser is contained in an enclosure, preventing direct physical access to laser radiation.

Table 3   Incorporated laser module

Property	Description/Value
Laser module	Class 3B
Laser wavelength	658 nm
Maximum power	22 mW

The device is equipped with the following laser product labels.
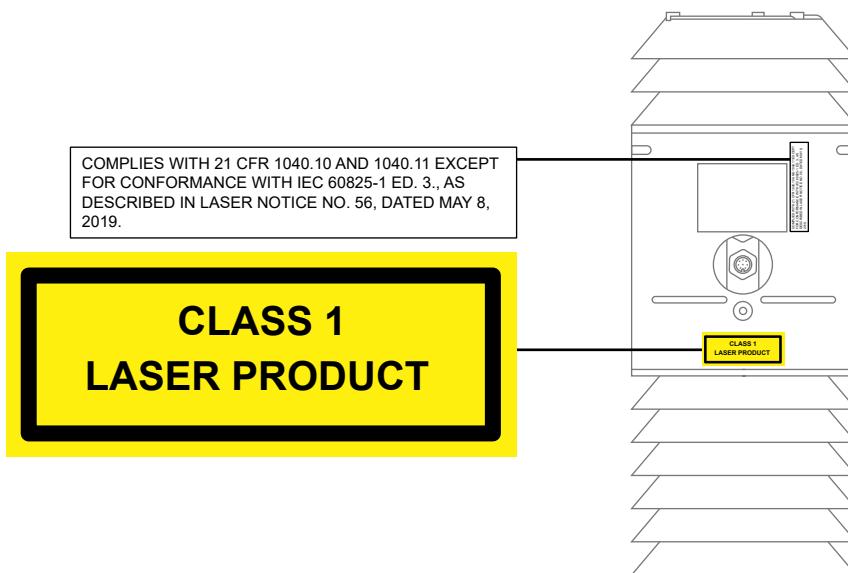
Figure 1   Location of Class 1 laser product labels on AQT530
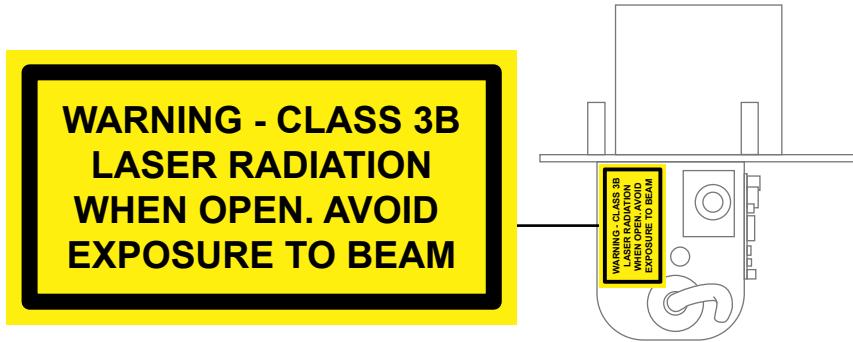
Figure 2   Location of Class 3B laser radiation label on AQT530 inside laser particle counter (LPC)

Follow the safety information to avoid exposure to laser radiation.

2.2.2 ESD protection

Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) can damage electronic circuits. Vaisala products are adequately protected against ESD for their intended use. However, it is possible to damage the product by delivering electrostatic discharges when touching, removing, or inserting any objects in the equipment housing.

To avoid delivering high static voltages to the product:
- Handle ESD-sensitive components on a properly grounded and protected ESD workbench or by grounding yourself to the equipment chassis with a wrist strap and a resistive connection cord.
- If you are unable to take either precaution, touch a conductive part of the equipment chassis with your other hand before touching ESD-sensitive components.
- Hold component boards by the edges and avoid touching component contacts.

3. Configuration

3.1 Interface overview

AQT530 has a command line interface (CLI) and a Modbus interface.

- Modbus interface configuration is done over the CLI interface.
- All measurement values are available from both CLI and Modbus.
- Linear correction can be done over both CLI and Modbus interface.
- Some read-only parameters are available only in CLI interface.

In addition, AQT530 outputs data over the Modbus interface or in ASCII CSV format over the RS-485 interface.

The CLI interface is for a local connection over RS-232.

The Modbus interface is an application programming interface (API) for remote connection to AQT530 using the Modbus protocol.

More information

- ‣ Overview of CLI commands and parameters (page 28)
- ‣ Modbus register addresses for AQT530 (page 45)
- ‣ ASCII CSV data message (page 22)

3.2 Configuration overview

You can do the operations listed in the following table using a local connection with CLI commands and/or remotely over the Modbus interface.

Table 4   Overview of configuration operations

Action	CLI command and parameter	CLI reference	Modbus register addresses
View measurement data	`meas`	Printing measurements and changing measurement output unit (meas command) (page 32)	• 0x0000 … 0x000C (gas values in ppb with linear correction) • 0x0066 … 0x006B (gas values in ug/m^3) • 0x006C … 0x0075 (gas values in ppb without linear correction)
Configure Modbus interface	`set` • `rs485_mode` • `rs485_addr` • `rs485_baud` • `rs485_databits` • `rs485_parity` • `rs485_stopbits`	Configuring Modbus interface (page 20)	–

Action	CLI command and parameter	CLI reference	Modbus register addresses
Change temperature unit (°C/°F)	`set` tempunit	Changing temperature unit (page 24)	0x001C
Adjust linear correction	`set` • `co_zero` • `co_span` • `no_zero` • `no_span` • `no2_zero` • `no2_span` • `so2_zero` • `so2_span` • `h2s_zero` • `h2s_span` • `o3_zero` • `o3_span` • `pm1_zero` • `pm1_span` • `pm25_zero` • `pm25_span` • `pm10_zero` • `pm10_span`	Adjusting linear correction (page 25)	0x0086 ... 0x0097
Set system time	`date`	Setting date (date command) (page 30)	0x0057 ... 0x005C See Setting up system time over Modbus interface (page 52)
AQT530, base module, LPC, and HMP identification (read-only)	`show` • `serial` • `sw_ver` • `hw_ver` • `model` • `unit` • `cal_date` • `base_serial` • `lpc_serial` • `hmp_serial` • `hmp_version` `lpc` --info	Printing LPC information (lpc command) (page 31)	Modbus device identification: • Model • SW version • Sensor model • Serial number • Calibration date • Hardware version Modbus registers: • Calibration date: 0x0013-0x0015 • Base firmware version: 0x004F-0x0053 • HMP firmware version: 0x0054-0x0056 • AQT serial number: 0x00B4-0x00B7 • HMP serial number: 0x00B8-0x00BB • LPC serial number: 0x00BC-0x00BF • LPC firmware version: 0x00F4-0x00F8

Action	CLI command and parameter	CLI reference	Modbus register addresses
Get ug/m^3 converted values	`meas --metric`	Printing measurements and changing measurement output unit (meas command) (page 32)	Modbus register addresses are available for both metric (ug/m^3) and parts per billion (ppb) values
Reset device	`reboot --really`	Restarting device (reboot command) (page 35)	0x00FA

To use the CLI commands, establish a local maintenance connection to AQT530 over RS-232.

More information

3.3 Measurement output

The AQT530 measurement data is available over RS-485 by means of Modbus (ASCII and RTU modes), or alternatively in ASCII CSV format.

The measurement data can be monitored also through CLI.

The following tables present the measurements, their units, and resolution.

> Set of available gases depends on gas cell setup.
> Particle measurement results are included when an LPC device is installed and enabled.

Table 5   Temperature

Value	Modbus	CLI	ASCII CSV
Air temperature	`0x000A`: 0.1 °C / 0.1 °F	• `meas`: °C / °F • `meas --metric`: °C / °F • `meas --ppb`: °C / °F	°C / °F

Table 6   Humidity

Value	Modbus	CLI	ASCII CSV
Air humidity	`0x000B`: 0.1 %RH	• `meas`: %RH • `meas --metric`: %RH • `meas --ppb`: %RH	%RH

Table 7   Pressure

Value	Modbus	CLI	ASCII CSV
Air pressure	`0x000C`: 0.1 hPa	• **meas**: hPa • **meas --metric**: hPa • **meas --ppb**: hPa	hPa

Table 8   Gas concentration

Value	Modbus	CLI	ASCII CSV
NO_2	• `0x0000`: ppb • `0x0066`: 0.1 µg / m^3	• **meas**: ppm • **meas --metric**: µg/m^3 • **meas --ppb**: ppb	ppm
SO_2	• `0x0001`: ppb • `0x0067`: 0.1 µg/m^3	• **meas**: ppm • **meas --metric**: µg/m^3 • **meas --ppb**: ppb	ppm
CO	• `0x0002`: ppb • `0x0068`: 1 µg/m^3	• **meas**: ppm • **meas --metric**: µg/m^3 • **meas --ppb**: ppb	ppm
H_2S	• `0x0004`: ppb • `0x0069`: 0.1 µg/m^3	• **meas**: ppm • **meas --metric**: µg/m^3 • **meas --ppb**: ppb	ppm
O_3	• `0x0005`: ppb • `0x006A`: 0.1 µg/m^3	• **meas**: ppm • **meas --metric**: µg/m^3 • **meas --ppb**: ppb	ppm
NO	• `0x0006`: ppb • `0x006B`: 0.1 µg/m^3	• **meas**: ppm • **meas --metric**: µg/m^3 • **meas --ppb**: ppb	ppm

Table 9   Mass concentration without linear correction

Value	Modbus	CLI	ASCII CSV
PM_1	0075h: 0.1 µg/m^3	**meas --nolc**: µg/m^3	–
$PM_{2.5}$	0073h: 0.1 µg/m^3	**meas --nolc**: µg/m^3	–
PM_{10}	0074h: 0.1 µg/m^3	**meas --nolc**: µg/m^3	–

Table 10   Mass concentration with linear correction

Value	Modbus	CLI	ASCII CSV
PM_1	`0037h`: 0.1 µg/m^3	• **meas**: µg/m^3 • **meas --metric**: µg/m^3 • **meas --ppb**: µg/m^3	µg/m^3

Value	Modbus	CLI	ASCII CSV
PM$_{2.5}$	`0008h`: 0.1 µg/m^3	• **meas**: µg/m^3 • **meas** `--metric`: µg/m^3 • **meas** `--ppb`: µg/m^3	µg/m^3
PM$_{10}$	`0009h`: 0.1 µg/m^3	• **meas**: µg/m^3 • **meas** `--metric`: µg/m^3 • **meas** `--ppb`: µg/m^3	µg/m^3

More information

- Modbus register addresses for AQT530 (page 45)
- Printing measurements and changing measurement output unit (meas command) (page 32)
- ASCII CSV data message (page 22)

3.3.1 Conversion factors for gases

Conversion from ppb to µg/m^3 is calculated with the following formula:

µg/m^3 = ppb * conversion_factor

Table 11   Conversion factors for conversion from ppb to µg/m^3

Gas	Conversion factor
NO$_2$	1.912
SO$_2$	2.66
CO	1.16
H$_2$S	1.417
O$_3$	2.00
NO	1.247

At +20 °C (+68 °F) temperature (European standard)

4. CLI operation

4.1 Connecting to AQT530 over RS-232

- Computer
- Service cable kit
- Slothead screwdriver
- Terminal block
- Terminal program with a command line interface (CLI), such as PuTTY or TeraTerm.

ℹ This instruction and examples use and refer to PuTTY. Another program with a command line interface can also be used, but the user interface looks different.

Once you have installed and set up AQT530 as instructed in *Vaisala Air Quality Transmitter AQT530 Setup Guide*, you may sometimes need to connect to AQT530 locally, for example, to change the settings.

To connect to AQT530, create a local maintenance connection over the serial RS-232 interface.

▶ 1. Connect your computer to AQT530 with the service cable kit.
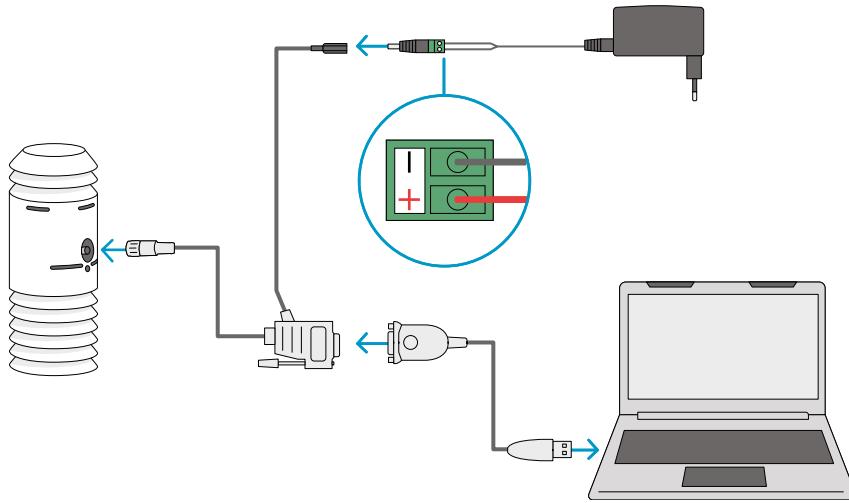
> Connect the open-ended cables of the power source to the adapter and attach the adapter to the DC power connector (10 ... 25 V DC).
> Alternatively, connect your own power source directly to the DC power connector.

Wire color	Power
Red	+
Black	−

2. On your computer, select **Start > PuTTY**.

3. On your computer, select **Start > Control Panel > Device Manager > Ports (COM & LPT)**.
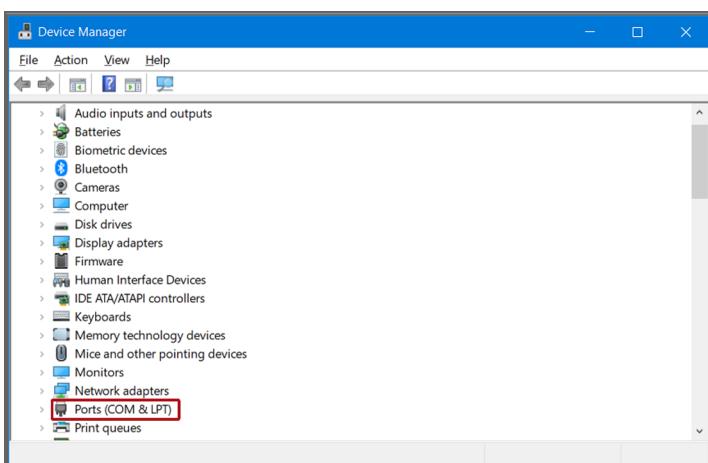
In **Device Manager**, check to which port AQT530 is connected with name **ATEN USB to Serial Bridge**. For example: ATEN USB to Serial Bridge (**COM1**).

4. In PuTTY, select **Serial** or **Serial & USB**.

> ℹ The screen may look different, depending on the computer and Windows operating system version.
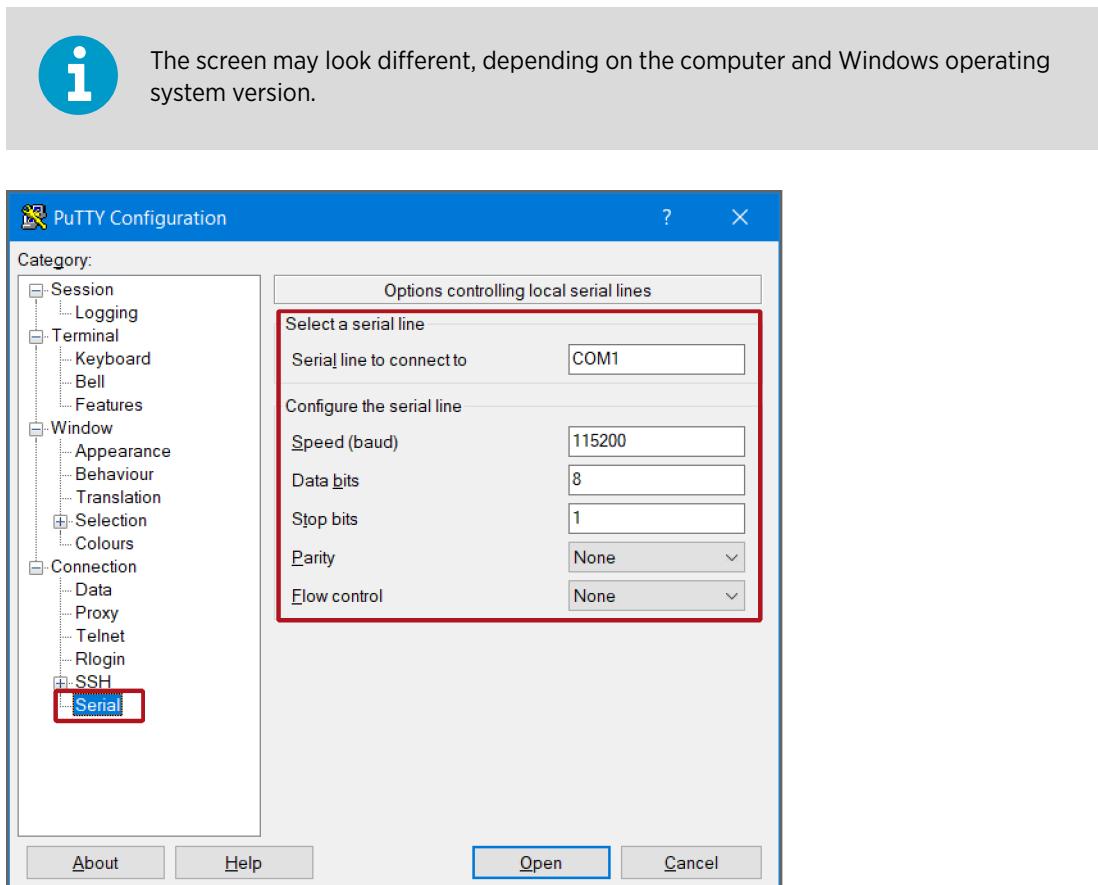
5. In **PuTTY Configuration**, select the COM port where you connected ATEN USB to Serial Bridge.
   Use the following COM port settings.

Parameter	Value
Speed (baud)	**115200**
Data bits	**8**
Stop bits	**1**
Parity	**None**
Flow control	**None**

These settings are applied on your computer so that it can connect to AQT530.

6. Select **Open**.
   Connection to AQT530 is now open and you can proceed to read and set parameters.
   To start, press **ENTER** or type command **motd**.

More information

‣

4.2 Configuring Modbus interface

The default communication settings are listed in the following table. Use the settings that are suitable for you.

Table 12   Modbus interface configuration parameters

Parameter	Type	Range	Default	Unit	Description
rs485_mode	uint8	• 0 = ASCII CSV • 1 = Modbus ASCII • 4 = Modbus RTU	4	–	RS-485 mode
rs485_addr	uint8	1 … 253	1	–	Modbus address (not used in ASCII CSV mode)
rs485_baud	uint32	4800 … 115200	19200	bps	RS-485 baud rate
rs485_databits	uint8	7, 8	8	bits	RS-485 data bits
rs485_parity	Text	• N = None • E = Even • O = Odd	E	–	RS-485 parity Case insensitive
rs485_stopbits	uint8	1, 2	1	bits	RS-485 stop bits

▶   1. Establish a connection to AQT530.

2. Using a terminal program, define the settings for the RS-485 interface.
   - To use the RS-485 port in Modbus ASCII mode, type the following:

```
set rs485_baud=9600
set rs485_mode=1
set rs485_databits=7
set rs485_parity=e
set rs485_stopbits=1
write --really
```

   - Bit rate: 9600 bps
   - Mode: ASCII
   - Port settings: 7E1 (7 data bits, even parity, 1 stop bit)
   - To use the RS-485 port in Modbus RTU mode, type the following:

```
set rs485_baud=19200
set rs485_mode=4
set rs485_databits=8
set rs485_parity=e
set rs485_stopbits=1
write --really
```

   - Bit rate: 19200
   - Mode: RTU
   - Port settings: 8E1 (8 data bits, even parity, 1 stop bit)
3. The device is ready.

More information

‣ Changing configuration parameter (set command) (page 35)
‣ Saving to non-volatile memory (write command) (page 42)
‣ Modbus register addresses for AQT530 (page 45)

4.3 Configuring ASCII CSV data sending

The ASCII CSV output mode is an alternative to AQT530 Modbus API. It is a simplified measurement monitoring output for users that are only collecting data, without the ability to control and monitor the AQT530 device otherwise.

The comma-separated values (CSV) output is sent automatically every 60 seconds. The output contains 1 measurement from all measurement outputs on one line and with a timestamp. The output data does not contain validity or device health information.

1. Establish a connection to AQT530.

2. Set the RS-485 interface to ASCII CSV mode.

```
set rs485_mode=0
set rs485_baud=115200
set rs485_databits=8
set rs485_parity=n
set rs485_stopbits=1
write --really
```

- Port settings: 8N1 (8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit)

Data sending starts automatically after selecting the mode.

3. Close the local RS-232 maintenance connection.

4. You can view the data through the RS-485 connection. For example, if the RS-485 port is connected to the serial port of your computer, the ASCII CSV data is available there.

More information

4.3.1 ASCII CSV data message

The ASCII CSV data message is used for outputting AQT530 measurement data.

```
<Timestamp>,<Conditions>,<Gases>,<Particles>,<Config>,<Uptime>
```

Table 13   ASCII CSV message data fields

Field	Description	Example
Timestamp	UTC date and time in ISO 8601 format	2020-12-11T03:00:41
Conditions	Environment conditions separated by commas (included always): • Air temperature (°C or °F, depending on the configuration [1]) • Air humidity (%RH) • Air pressure (hPa)	7.3,92.3,990.1
Gases	Gas measurement results in parts per million (ppm) separated by commas Possible gases, depending on gas cell setup: • NO_2, SO_2, CO, H_2S, O_3, NO Max. number of gas cells at a time: 4	0.009,0.101,0.013,0.03

Field	Description	Example
Particles	Particle measurement results in µg/m^3, separated by a comma: • PM$_1$, PM$_{2.5}$, PM$_{10}$ The particle measurement results are included when an LPC device is installed and enabled	0.1,1.1,1.9
Config	Device setup represented with symbols separated by colon (:): • T = Air temperature (included always) • H = Air humidity (included always) • P = Air pressure (included always) • NO$_2$, SO$_2$, CO, H$_2$S, O$_3$, NO (included according to gas cell setup) • PM$_1$, PM$_{2.5}$, PM$_{10}$ (included when LPC is installed and enabled) Order matches order of results in fields Conditions, Gases, and Particles	T:H:P:NO2:CO:O3:NO:PM1:PM2.5:PM10
Uptime	Time from last reboot in seconds	2735641

1) The temperature unit can be configured with CLI using `tempunit` parameter. For example, setting Celsius units with **set tempunit=0**.

Example of CSV ASCII data message with 4 gas sensors and LPC

```
2022-01-22T07:37:38,22.3,24.1,999.3,0.182,2.920,0.575,0.140,0.1,1.1,1.9,T:H:P:N
O2:CO:O3:NO:PM1:PM2.5:PM10,3185
2022-01-22T07:38:38,22.3,24.1,999.3,0.170,2.921,0.551,0.131,0.1,1.1,1.9,T:H:P:N
O2:CO:O3:NO:PM1:PM2.5:PM10,3245
2022-01-22T07:39:38,22.3,24.1,999.3,0.159,2.919,0.527,0.123,0.1,1.1,1.9,T:H:P:N
O2:CO:O3:NO:PM1:PM2.5:PM10,3305
```

Example of CSV ASCII data message with 4 gas sensors, without LPC

```
2022-01-22T08:07:38,22.3,24.1,999.4,0.108,2.926,0.416,0.084,T:H:P:NO2:CO:O3:NO,
4983
2022-01-22T08:08:38,22.3,24.0,999.4,0.101,2.927,0.402,0.079,T:H:P:NO2:CO:O3:NO,
5043
2022-01-22T08:09:38,22.3,24.0,999.4,0.095,2.927,0.389,0.074,T:H:P:NO2:CO:O3:NO,
5103
```

Example of CSV ASCII data message with LPC only

```
2022-01-22T07:40:38,22.4,24.1,999.3,0.1,1.1,1.9,T:H:P:PM1:PM2.5:PM10,3364
2022-01-22T07:41:38,22.4,24.1,999.3,0.1,1.1,1.9,T:H:P:PM1:PM2.5:PM10,3424
2022-01-22T07:42:38,22.4,24.1,999.3,0.1,1.1,1.9,T:H:P:PM1:PM2.5:PM10,3484
```

> **i** The actual message does not contain line feeds.

4.4 Changing temperature unit

1. Establish a connection to AQT530.

2. To change the temperature unit to Celsius, type:

```
set tempunit=0
write --really
```

To change to Fahrenheit, type:

```
set tempunit=1
write --really
```

3. To check that the settings are correct, type:

```
show tempunit
```

More information
‣ Changing configuration parameter (set command) (page 35)
‣ Saving to non-volatile memory (write command) (page 42)

4.5 Setting system time

1. Establish a connection to AQT530.

2. To set the system date and time, type:

```
date [YYYY-MM-DDTHH:II:SS]
```

For example:

```
date 2020-05-22T12:34:11
```

3. To check the setting, type:

```
show time
```

More information

‣ Setting date (date command) (page 30)

4.6 Adjusting linear correction

Span and zero values are used for the linear correction of the measured values. Zero parameter corrects the offset and span the sensitivity (gain).

You can set the zero and span correction for gas and particle measurements.

The adjusted values affect the measured values of the following Modbus register addresses.

To adjust the span and zero through the Modbus interface, use registers 0x0086 - 0x0097.

Table 14   Modbus registers for measurement data

Address	Description
0x0000 - 0x0006	Gas concentrations in parts per billion (ppb) with linear correction
0x0066 - 0x006B	Gas concentrations in $\mu g/m^3$ with linear correction
0x0008 - 0x0009 0x0037	Particle matter PM_1, $PM_{2.5}$, and PM_{10} in $\mu g/m^3$ with linear correction

After making these changes, AQT530 outputs data corrected by these zero and span correction factors.

Table 15   Linear correction parameters - gases

Parameter	Type	Range	Default	Unit	Description
co_zero	int16	−10000 … 10000	0	ppb	CO sensor zero correction
co_span	uint8	1 … 255	100	0.01	CO sensor span correction (1 … 255 = 0.01 … 2.55)
no_zero	int16	−10000 … 10000	0	ppb	NO sensor zero correction
no_span	uint8	1 … 255	100	0.01	NO sensor span correction (1 … 255 = 0.01 … 2.55)
no2_zero	int16	−10000 … 10000	0	ppb	NO_2 sensor zero correction

Parameter	Type	Range	Default	Unit	Description
no2_span	uint8	1 ... 255	100	0.01	NO_2 sensor span correction (1 ... 255 = 0.01 ... 2.55)
so2_zero	int16	−10000 ... 10000	0	ppb	SO_2 sensor zero correction
so2_span	uint8	1 ... 255	100	0.01	SO_2 sensor span correction (1 ... 255 = 0.01 ... 2.55)
h2s_zero	int16	−10000 ... 10000	0	ppb	H_2S sensor zero correction
h2s_span	uint8	1 ... 255	100	0.01	H_2S sensor span correction (1 ... 255 = 0.01 ... 2.55)
o3_zero	int16	−10000 ... 10000	0	ppb	O_3 sensor zero correction
o3_span	uint8	1 ... 255	100	0.01	O_3 sensor span correction (1 ... 255 = 0.01 ... 2.55)

Table 16   Linear correction parameters - particles

Parameter	Type	Range	Default	Unit	Description
pm1_zero	int16	−10000 ... 10000	0	0.1 µg/m³	PM_1 offset (zero) correction (−10000 ... 10000 = −1000.0 ... 1000.0)
pm1_span	int16	1 ... 10000	1000	0.001	PM_1 span (gain) correction (1 ... 10000 = 0.001 ... 10.000)
pm25_zero	int16	−10000 ... 10000	0	0.1 µg/m³	$PM_{2.5}$ offset (zero) correction (−10000 ... 10000 = −1000.0 ... 1000.0)
pm25_span	int16	1 ... 10000	1000	0.001	$PM_{2.5}$ span (gain) correction (1 ... 10000 = 0.001 ... 10.000)
pm10_zero	int16	−10000 ... 10000	0	0.1 µg/m³	PM_{10} offset (zero) correction (−10000 ... 10000 = −1000.0 ... 1000.0)
pm10_span	int16	1 ... 10000	1000	0.001	PM_{10} span (gain) correction (1 ... 10000 = 0.001 ... 10.000)

▶ 1. Establish a connection to AQT530.

2. Adjust the gain and offset of the parameters.
   For example, to adjust offset up by 100 ppb and sensitivity 1.2 times higher, type:

```
set o3_zero=100
set o3_span=120
```

3. To save the changes:

```
write --really
```

The new values overwrite the previous zero and span values.

Values without linear correction are available with Modbus registers 0x006C - 0x0075.

More information

‣ Changing configuration parameter (set command) (page 35)
‣ Saving to non-volatile memory (write command) (page 42)

5. CLI commands and parameters

5.1 Overview of CLI commands and parameters

AQT530 CLI commands include the following:

- AQT530 identification commands: **motd**, **uname**
- System control command: **reboot**
- Configuration commands: **date**, **initconf**, **set**, **show**, **write**
- Measurement output command: **meas**
- LPC identification command: **lpc**
- Device status command: **status**

The AQT530 parameters include a set of read-only and read/write parameters.

Read/write parameters:

- Modbus interface configuration parameters Table 24 (page 36)
- Temperature unit parameter Table 25 (page 37)
- Linear correction parameters for gases Table 26 (page 37)
- Linear correction parameters for particles Table 27 (page 38)

Read-only parameters:

- Device identification parameters Table 28 (page 38)
- Base module identification parameters Table 29 (page 38)
- Base module monitoring parameters Table 30 (page 39)
- Gas measurement configuration and diagnostics parameters Table 31 (page 39)
- LPC parameters Table 32 (page 39)
- Temperature and humidity probe (TH) probe parameters Table 33 (page 39)

More information

5.2 CLI command reference

The commands are for use in a standard terminal program (command-line interface, CLI).

Table 17   List of commands

Command	Description	Reference
date [<YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss>]	Prints or changes current date and time.	Setting date (date command) (page 30)

Command	Description	Reference
initconf --really	Loads default configuration, including: • Communication settings • Configuration and linear correction	Restoring default configuration (initconf command) (page 30)
lpc --info	Shows LPC module information, including: • Serial number • Firmware version	Printing LPC information (lpc command) (page 31)
meas [--metric|--ppb|--nolpc]	Outputs current measurements: • Gas measurements with linear correction in metric ($\mu g/m^3$) units • Gas measurements with linear correction in parts per billion (ppb) units • Gas measurements without linear correction in parts per million (ppm) units	Printing measurements and changing measurement output unit (meas command) (page 32)
motd	Clears screen and prints a welcome banner.	Clearing screen (motd command) (page 34)
reboot --really	Restarts the device. If gas cells are in use, rebooting the device restarts the 24 hour stabilization time.	Restarting device (reboot command) (page 35)
set <parameter>= <value>	Changes a configuration parameter.	Changing configuration parameter (set command) (page 35)
show <parameter>	Prints the value of a configuration parameter.	Printing value of configuration parameter (show command) (page 40)
status	Prints the device status and possible reason.	Printing device status (status command) (page 40)
uname [-a]	Prints the Unix name of the system (short or long name).	Printing Unix name (uname command) (page 41)
write --really	Writes the configuration changes to non-volatile memory of the device.	Saving to non-volatile memory (write command) (page 42)

To use the commands, establish a connection to AQT530.

More information

- Connecting to AQT530 over RS-232 (page 17)
- CLI parameters (page 36)

5.3 Setting date (**date** command)

To display or change the device date, use the **date** command.

```
date [YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss]
```

Table 18   Parameters for **date** command

Parameter	Value	Mandatory	Description
(none)	–	–	Shows the current date and time.
YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss	Year, month, day, hour, minute, second	No	Sets a new date.

Example of changing the date:

```
date 2020-12-02T13:50:36
```

Example response:

```
Date updated to 2020-12-02T13:50:36
$
```

More information

‣ Setting system time (page 24)

5.4 Restoring default configuration (**initconf** command)

To restore the default configuration, use the **initconf** command.

```
initconf --really
```

Table 19   Parameters for **initconf** command

Parameter	Value	Mandatory	Description
--really	Fixed	Yes	Loads the default configuration, including: • Communication settings • Configuration and linear correction

> ℹ The command does not affect the following configurations:
> - Device identification information
> - Factory calibration information

> ℹ The command does not affect connected devices, such as laser particle counter (LPC) and the temperature and humidity (TH) probe.

Example response:

```
Loading default configuration... OK!
Write the default configuration to non-volatile memory by using "write"
command.
$
```

Use the **write** command to save the configuration.

```
write --really
```

5.5 Printing LPC information (**lpc** command)

To display information about the laser particle counter (LPC), use the **lpc** command.

```
lpc --info
```

Table 20   Parameters for **lpc** command

Parameter	Value	Mandatory	Description
--info	Fixed	Yes	Shows LPC module information: • Serial number • Firmware version

> ℹ The LPC must be connected to the system.

Querying LPC information:

```
lpc --info
```

Example response 1:

```
Serial: B3245009
SW ver: 3.0.243.ad102e1
$
```

Example response 2 (no LPC connected):

```
No LPC option installed!
$
```

5.6 Printing measurements and changing measurement output unit (**meas** command)

To display the measurements with specific units, use the **meas** command.

```
meas [--metric|--ppb|--nolc]
```

Table 21   Parameters for **meas** command

Parameter	Value	Mandatory	Description
(none)	–	No	Prints out all measurements with gases in parts per million (ppm) units and with linear correction.
--metric	Fixed	No	Prints out all measurements with gases in metric ($\mu g/m^3$) units and with linear correction.
--ppb	Fixed	No	Prints out all measurements with gases in parts per billion (ppb) units and with linear correction.
--nolc	Fixed	No	Prints out all measurements, without linear correction and with gases in parts per million (ppm).

```
meas
```

Example response:

```
NO2 (ppm): 0.004
SO2 (ppm): 0.562
CO (ppm): 0.077
O3 (ppm): -0.002
PM1 (ug/m3): 0.1
PM2.5 (ug/m3): 0.4
PM10 (ug/m3): 2.2
TEMP (C): 22.2
HUM (%RH): 31.2
PRES (mbar): 1012.4
Uptime (s): 10850
$
```

Example of setting measurement output to use metric (µg/m³) units.

```
meas --metric
```

Example response:

```
NO2 (ug/m3): 5.9
SO2 (ug/m3): 912.5
CO (ug/m3): 63.6
O3 (ug/m3): -1.8
PM1 (ug/m3): 0.1
PM2.5 (ug/m3): 0.4
PM10 (ug/m3): 2.2
TEMP (C): 22.1
HUM (%RH): 31.5
PRES (mbar): 1012.3
Uptime (s): 10684
$
```

Example of setting measurement output to use parts per billion (ppb) units.

```
meas --ppb
```

Example response:

```
NO2 (ppb): 4.5
SO2 (ppb): 698.6
CO (ppb): 97.5
O3 (ppb): −0.4
PM1 (ug/m3): 0.1
PM2.5 (ug/m3): 0.4
PM10 (ug/m3): 2.2
TEMP (C): 22.3
HUM (%RH): 30.9
PRES (mbar): 1012.4
Uptime (s): 10923
$
```

Example of setting measurement output to print without linear correction, using parts per million (ppm) units.

```
meas --nolc
```

Example response:

```
NO2 (ppm): 0.004
SO2 (ppm): 0.562
CO (ppm): 0.077
O3 (ppm): −0.002
PM1 (ug/m3): 0.2
PM2.5 (ug/m3): 0.4
PM10 (ug/m3): 2.2
TEMP (C): 22.2
HUM (%RH): 31.2
PRES (mbar): 1012.4
Uptime (s): 10850
$
```

More information

‣ Measurement output (page 14)

5.7 Clearing screen (**motd** command)

To clear the screen and print a welcome text, use the **motd** command.

```
motd
```

Example response:

```
Vaisala Air Quality Transmitter AQT530
FW version 3.0.783.a51b18d
Copyright (c) 2020 Vaisala Oyj


$
```

5.8 Restarting device (**reboot** command)

To restart the device, use the **reboot** command.

```
reboot --really
```

> ℹ️ If gas cells are in use, rebooting the device restarts the 24 hour stabilization time.

Table 22   Parameters for **reboot** command

Parameter	Value	Mandatory	Description
--really	Fixed	Yes	Confirms the restart.

Example response:

```
Resetting device in 5 seconds...


Vaisala Air Quality Transmitter AQT530
FW version 3.1.0.d5535d2
Copyright (c) 2020 Vaisala Oyj



$
```

5.9 Changing configuration parameter (**set** command)

To change device configuration, use the **set** command.

```
set <parameter>=<value>
```

Table 23   Parameters for **set** command

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
For the list of parameters, see CLI parameters (page 36).	Yes	Changes the value of selected parameter.

Example of changing the baud rate:

```
set rs485_baud=19200
```

Example response:

```
set: rs485_baud=19200
$
```

For more information, see the full list of CLI parameters.

More information

‣ Configuring Modbus interface (page 20)
‣ Configuring ASCII CSV data sending (page 21)
‣ Changing temperature unit (page 24)
‣ Adjusting linear correction (page 25)

5.9.1 CLI parameters

The following configuration and status parameters are available with AQT530.

Use the parameters with commands **set** and **show**.

Table 24   Modbus interface configuration parameters

Parameter	Type	Range	Default	Unit	Description
rs485_mode	uint8	• 0 = ASCII CSV • 1 = Modbus ASCII • 4 = Modbus RTU	4	–	RS-485 mode
rs485_addr	uint8	1 ... 253	1	–	Modbus address (not used in ASCII CSV mode)
rs485_baud	uint32	4800 ... 115200	19200	bps	RS-485 baud rate

Parameter	Type	Range	Default	Unit	Description
rs485_databits	uint8	7, 8	8	bits	RS-485 data bits
rs485_parity	Text	• N = None • E = Even • O = Odd	E	–	RS-485 parity Case insensitive
rs485_stopbits	uint8	1, 2	1	bits	RS-485 stop bits

Table 25   Temperature unit parameter

Parameter	Type	Range	Default	Unit	Description
tempunit	uint8	• 0 = °C • 1 = °F	0	–	Temperature unit for Modbus, ASCII CSV, and CLI interfaces

Table 26   Linear correction parameters - gases

Parameter	Type	Range	Default	Unit	Description
co_zero	int16	−10000 … 10000	0	ppb	CO sensor zero correction
co_span	uint8	1 … 255	100	0.01	CO sensor span correction (1 … 255 = 0.01 … 2.55)
no_zero	int16	−10000 … 10000	0	ppb	NO sensor zero correction
no_span	uint8	1 … 255	100	0.01	NO sensor span correction (1 … 255 = 0.01 … 2.55)
no2_zero	int16	−10000 … 10000	0	ppb	NO_2 sensor zero correction
no2_span	uint8	1 … 255	100	0.01	NO_2 sensor span correction (1 … 255 = 0.01 … 2.55)
so2_zero	int16	−10000 … 10000	0	ppb	SO_2 sensor zero correction
so2_span	uint8	1 … 255	100	0.01	SO_2 sensor span correction (1 … 255 = 0.01 … 2.55)
h2s_zero	int16	−10000 … 10000	0	ppb	H_2S sensor zero correction
h2s_span	uint8	1 … 255	100	0.01	H_2S sensor span correction (1 … 255 = 0.01 … 2.55)
o3_zero	int16	−10000 … 10000	0	ppb	O_3 sensor zero correction

Parameter	Type	Range	Default	Unit	Description
o3_span	uint8	1 ... 255	100	0.01	O_3 sensor span correction (1 ... 255 = 0.01 ... 2.55)

Table 27   Linear correction parameters - particles

Parameter	Type	Range	Default	Unit	Description
pm1_zero	int16	−10000 ... 10000	0	0.1 µg/m³	PM_1 offset (zero) correction (−10000 ... 10000 = −1000.0 ... 1000.0)
pm1_span	int16	1 ... 10000	1000	0.001	PM_1 span (gain) correction (1 ... 10000 = 0.001 ... 10.000)
pm25_zero	int16	−10000 ... 10000	0	0.1 µg/m³	$PM_{2.5}$ offset (zero) correction (−10000 ... 10000 = −1000.0 ... 1000.0)
pm25_span	int16	1 ... 10000	1000	0.001	$PM_{2.5}$ span (gain) correction (1 ... 10000 = 0.001 ... 10.000)
pm10_zero	int16	−10000 ... 10000	0	0.1 µg/m³	PM_{10} offset (zero) correction (−10000 ... 10000 = −1000.0 ... 1000.0)
pm10_span	int16	1 ... 10000	1000	0.001	PM_{10} span (gain) correction (1 ... 10000 = 0.001 ... 10.000)

Table 28   Device identification parameters (read-only)

Parameter	Type	Range	Unit	Description
serial	Text	–	–	AQT530 device serial number in Vaisala format

Table 29   Base module identification parameters (read-only)

Parameter	Type	Range	Unit	Description
swver	Text	–	–	Base module firmware version
hwver	Text	–	–	Base module hardware version
base_serial	Text	–	–	Base control board with gas cells
boardid	Text	–	–	Base control board without gas cells

Parameter	Type	Range	Unit	Description
`cal_date`	Text	–	–	Base module calibration date in ISO 8601 format (YYYY-MM-DD) Combination of parameter values: • `cal_day` • `cal_month` • `cal_year`
`cal_day`	uint16	1 - 31	DD	Base module calibration day of month
`cal_month`	uint16	1 - 12	MM	Base module calibration month
`cal_year`	uint16	2000 - 2100	YYYY	Base module calibration year

Table 30   Base module monitoring parameters (read-only)

Parameter	Type	Range	Unit	Description
`time`	Text	–	–	Current timestamp in ISO 8601 format
`model`	Text	–	–	Device model
`unit`	Text	–	–	Combination of • Model • Serial number • Configuration

Table 31   Gas measurement configuration and diagnostics parameters (read-only)

Parameter	Type	Range	Unit	Description
`health`	uint8	0 … 100	%	Device health status
`meas_state`	uint8	• `0` = Gas cell stabilization ongoing • `1` = Gas cell stabilization finished	–	Gas cell stabilization status During gas cell stabilization, measurement values are invalid

Table 32   LPC parameters (read-only)

Parameter	Type	Range	Unit	Description
`lpc_serial`	Text	–	–	Serial number of laser particle counter (LPC) board

Table 33   TH probe parameters (read-only)

Parameter	Type	Range	Unit	Description
`hmp_serial`	Text	–	–	HMP110 serial number

Parameter	Type	Range	Unit	Description
`hmp_version`	Text	–	–	HMP110 firmware version number

5.10 Printing value of configuration parameter (**show** command)

To view the value of a configuration parameter, use the **show** command.

```
show <parameter>
```

Table 34   Parameters for **show** command

Parameter	Mandatory	Description
For the list of parameters, see CLI parameters (page 36).	Yes	Shows the value of selected parameter.

Example of checking the software version:

```
show rs485_baud
```

Example response:

```
show: rs485_baud=19200
$
```

For more information, see the full list of CLI parameters.

5.11 Printing device status (**status** command)

To print the device status, use the **status** command.

```
status
```

The following responses are possible:

- `Unknown (initializing)`

- OK
- Degraded: [reason]
- Faulty: [reason]

Example responses:

```
Device status:
OK
```

```
Device status:
Faulty: LPC malfunction
```

5.12 Printing Unix name (**uname** command)

To display the Unix name of the system, use the **uname** command.

```
uname [-a]
```

Table 35   Parameters for **uname** command

Parameter	Value	Mandatory	Description
(none)	–	–	Prints the Unix name of the system in short format.
-a	Fixed	No	Prints the Unix name of the system in long format.

Querying short name:

```
uname
```

Example response:

```
$ uname
Vaisala aqt-fw

$
```

Querying long name:

```
    uname -a
```

Example response:

```
    Vaisala aqt-fw 3.0.783.a51b18d 2020-12-17T08:10:40Z B210887-E avr-m1280/328p

    $
```

5.13 Saving to non-volatile memory (**write** command)

To write the configuration changes to the non-volatile memory of the device, use the **write** command.

```
    write --really
```

> ℹ Use the **write** command together with the other commands, for example **set**.

Table 36   Parameters for **write** command

Parameter	Value	Mandatory	Description
--really	Fixed	Yes	Confirms the action.

Example response:

```
    Writing current configuration to non-volatile memory... 1165 bytes written!
    $
```

More information

‣ Configuring Modbus interface (page 20)
‣ Configuring ASCII CSV data sending (page 21)
‣ Changing temperature unit (page 24)
‣ Adjusting linear correction (page 25)

6. Modbus interface description

6.1 Supported Modbus protocols

AQT530 interface supports:
- Modbus ASCII mode
- Modbus RTU mode

For the general full Modbus specification, see http://www.modbus.org/.

6.2 Function codes

AQT530 supports the following Modbus function codes.

Function code	Function name
0x03	Read Holding Registers
0x06	Write Single Register
0x2B / 0x0E	Read Device Identification

6.3 Device identification

AQT530 supports the following device identification objects.

> ℹ️ AQT530 supports only individual access of device identification objects (Read Device ID code 0x04).

Object ID	Category	Description	Example
0x00	Basic	Vendor name	Vaisala
0x01	Basic	Product code	AQT530
0x02	Basic	Version	3.0.783.a51b18d
0x03	Regular	Vendor URL	https://www.vaisala.com
0x04	Regular	Product name	Vaisala Air Quality Transmitter AQT530
0x05	Regular	Model name	Model: CO, NO_2, NO, O_3, LPC
0x80	Extended	Serial number	A0110001

Object ID	Category	Description	Example
0x81	Extended	Calibration date	2020-11-04
0x85	Extended	Hardware version	B210887-E

6.4 Byte order

Individual registers follow the Modbus standard big endian byte order for 16-bit values.

Values greater than 16 bits comprise multiple registers. These values are organized as follows.

32-bit values

In this application programming interface (API), 32-bit values are supported by the means of 2 consecutive 16-bit registers. The byte order for the 32-bit values is middle-endian: bytes within words are in big-endian order, while words in multi-word values are in little-endian order.
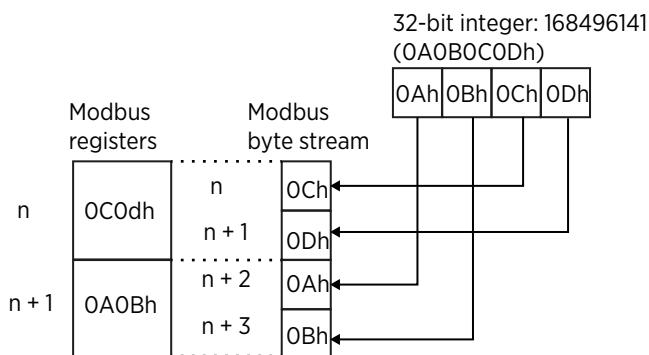
Figure 3   Byte order for 32-bit values

String fields

Several string type fields are available in this API, for example serial numbers. String fields consist of 1-byte ASCII characters packed into multiple 16-bit registers, 2 characters each.

Serial number string (8 characters):
"A1234567"
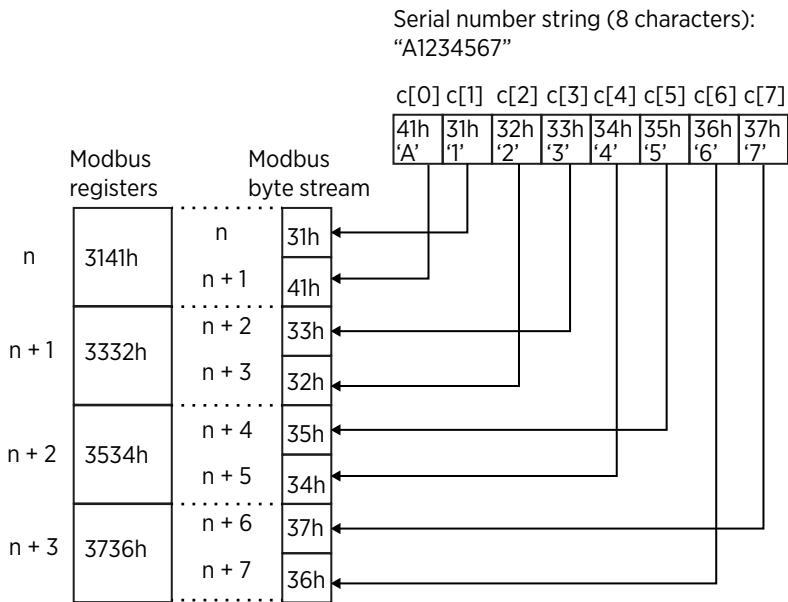
Figure 4   Byte order for string fields

6.5 Modbus register addresses for AQT530

The following register addresses are available in AQT530. The register addresses are:

- R = Read only
- RW = Read/write
- W = Write only

Table 37   Modbus register addresses

Address	RW	Type	Unit	Register count	Description
0x0000	R	int16	ppb	1	Nitrogen dioxide (NO_2) concentration in parts per billion (ppb) with linear correction • For a value without linear correction, use register 0x006C • For µg/m^3 value, use register 0x0066
0x0001	R	int16	ppb	1	Sulfur dioxide (SO_2) concentration in parts per billion (ppb) with linear correction • For a value without linear correction, use register 0x006D • For µg/m^3 value, use register 0x0067

Address	RW	Type	Unit	Register count	Description
0x0002	R	int16	ppb	1	Carbon monoxide (CO) concentration in parts per billion (ppb) with linear correction • For a value without linear correction, use register 0x006E • For $\mu g/m^3$ value, use register 0x0068
0x0004	R	int16	ppb	1	Hydrogen sulfide (H_2S) concentration in parts per billion (ppb) with linear correction • For a value without linear correction, use register 0x0070 • For $\mu g/m^3$ value, use register 0x0069
0x0005	R	int16	ppb	1	Trioxygen (ozone) (O_3) concentration in parts per billion (ppb) with linear correction • For a value without linear correction, use register 0x0071 • For $\mu g/m^3$ value, use register 0x006A
0x0006	R	int16	ppb	1	Nitric oxide (NO) concentration in parts per billion (ppb) with linear correction • For a value without linear correction, use register 0x0072 • For $\mu g/m^3$ value, use register 0x006B
0x0008	R	int16	0.1 $\mu g/m^3$	1	Particulate matter $PM_{2.5}$ with linear correction • For a value without linear correction, use register 0x0073
0x0009	R	int16	0.1 $\mu g/m^3$	1	Particulate matter PM_{10} • For a value without linear correction, use register 0x0074
0x000A	R	int16	0.1 °C / 0.1 °F	1	Air temperature (HMP110) in Celsius or Fahrenheit, depending on configuration Current configuration available from register 0x001C
0x000B	R	int16	0.1 %RH	1	Air humidity (HMP110)
0x000C	R	int16	0.1 hPa	1	Air pressure from an on-board analog pressure sensor
0x0013	R	uint16	-	1	Calibration year
0x0014	R	uint16	-	1	Calibration month
0x0015	R	uint16	-	1	Calibration day

Address	RW	Type	Unit	Register count	Description
0x0016	R	uint16	-	1	Unit configuration flags (bits/description)<table><tr><th>Bits</th><th>Description</th></tr><tr><td>15:2</td><td>Reserved</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>LPC configuration: • 0 = No LPC • 1 = LPC</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>Reserved</td></tr></table>
0x001A	R	int16	s	1	Seconds elapsed after last measurement data update
0x001B	R	int16	-	1	Gas measurement validity • 0 = Measurement is not valid • 1 = Measurement is valid (includes 24-hour stabilization time after power-up and temperature is within valid range (below 38.0 °C) Flags can be read separately from registers 0x0033 and 0x0034
0x001C	R	uint16	-	1	Temperature unit configuration • 0 = Celsius (default) • 1 = Fahrenheit
0x001F	R	int16	%	1	Device health index (combined percentage of usage of sensor cells, decreases from 100 %) • 100 % = Full health • 0 % = All sensors over-aged
0x0033	R	int16	-	1	Gas cell stabilization invalidation flag • 0 = 24-h stabilization time after power-up has passed • 1 = 24-h stabilization time after power-up not passed and measurement is invalid
0x0034	R	int16	-	1	Gas cell temperature invalidation flag • 0 = Cell temperature valid • 1 = Cell temperature too high ($\geq$ 38.0 °C) and measurement invalid
0x0036	R	int16	-	1	Humidity compensation (gas compensation) • 0 = Humidity compensation disabled • 1 = Humidity compensation enabled
0x0037	R	int16	0.1 µg/m^3	1	Particulate matter PM_1 with linear correction • For a value without linear correction, use register 0x0075

Address	RW	Type	Unit	Register count	Description	
0x004B	R	int16	-	1	Status reported by device • 0 = Unknown. Status information not yet available, starting up • 1 = Ok. Operating normally • 2 = Degraded. Operating but functionality degraded • 3 = Faulty For more information, see status code from register 0x004C.	
0x004C	R	int16	-	1	Status codes • 0 = No specific status to report • 1 = LPC malfunction • 2 = HMP110 malfunction	
0x004F	R	uint16	-	1	AQT base module firmware version major number	
0x0050	R	uint16	-	1	AQT base module firmware version minor number	
0x0051	R	uint16	-	1	AQT base module firmware version build number	
0x0052	R	uint32	-	2	AQT base module firmware version hash number	
0x0054	R	uint16	-	1	HMP device firmware version major number	
0x0055	R	uint16	-	1	HMP device firmware version minor number	
0x0056	R	uint16	-	1	HMP device firmware version revision number	
0x0057	RW	uint16	-	1	System time year	• Read = System time is read into cache when 0x0057 is read. Other registers return values from cache • Write = Register value is written to cache, and system time is updated when 0x005C is written
0x0058	RW	uint16	-	1	System time month	
0x0059	RW	uint16	-	1	System time day	
0x005A	RW	uint16	-	1	System time hours	
0x005B	RW	uint16	-	1	System time minutes	
0x005C	RW	uint16	-	1	System time seconds	
0x0065	RW	uint16	-	1	Select the ppb to µg/m^3 conversion type for registers 0x0066 - 0x006B • 0 = EU standard (temperature t = +20 °C, pressure p = 1013.25 hPa) (default) • 1 = International standard (WHO, temperature t = +25 °C, pressure p = 1013.25 hPa) • 2 = Temperature based dynamic (ambient temperature from HMP110, pressure p = 1013.25 hPa)	

Address	RW	Type	Unit	Register count	Description
0x0066	R	int16	$0.1\,\mu g/m^3$	1	Nitrogen dioxide (NO_2) concentration calculated from ppb value with linear correction (register 0x0000) Calculated by means of selected conversion type . Calculation method is selected with register 0x0065
0x0067	R	int16	$0.1\,\mu g/m^3$	1	Sulfur dioxide (SO_2) concentration calculated from ppb value with linear correction (register 0x0001) Calculated by means of selected conversion type . Calculation method is selected with register 0x0065
0x0068	R	int16	$1\,\mu g/m^3$	1	Carbon monoxide (CO) concentration calculated from ppb value with linear correction (register 0x0002) Calculated by means of selected conversion type . Calculation method is selected with register 0x0065
0x0069	R	int16	$0.1\,\mu g/m^3$	1	Hydrogen sulfide (H_2S) concentration calculated from ppb value with linear correction (register 0x0003) Calculated by means of selected conversion type . Calculation method is selected with register 0x0065
0x006A	R	int16	$0.1\,\mu g/m^3$	1	Trioxygen (ozone) (O_3) concentration calculated from ppb value with linear correction (register 0x0005) Calculated by means of selected conversion type . Calculation method is selected with register 0x0065
0x006B	R	int16	$0.1\,\mu g/m^3$	1	Nitric oxide (NO) concentration calculated from ppb value with linear correction (register 0x0006) Calculated by means of selected conversion type . Calculation method is selected with register 0x0065
0x006C	R	int16	ppb	1	Nitrogen dioxide (NO_2) concentration in parts per billion (ppb), without linear correction • For a value with linear correction, use register 0x0000
0x006D	R	int16	ppb	1	Sulfur dioxide (SO_2) concentration in parts per billion (ppb), without linear correction • For a value with linear correction, use register 0x0001
0x006E	R	int16	ppb	1	Carbon monoxide (CO) concentration in parts per billion (ppb), without linear correction • For a value with linear correction, use register 0x0002

Address	RW	Type	Unit	Register count	Description
0x0070	R	int16	ppb	1	Hydrogen sulfide (H_2S) concentration in parts per billion (ppb), without linear correction • For a value with linear correction, use register 0x0004
0x0071	R	int16	ppb	1	Trioxygen (ozone) (O_3) concentration in parts per billion (ppb), without linear correction • For a value with linear correction, use register 0x0005
0x0072	R	int16	ppb	1	Nitric oxide (NO) concentration in parts per billion (ppb), without linear correction • For a value with linear correction, use register 0x0006
0x0073	R	int16	0.1 µg/m^3	1	Particulate matter $PM_{2.5}$, without linear correction • For a value with linear correction, use register 0x0008
0x0074	R	int16	0.1 µg/m^3	1	Particulate matter PM_{10}, without linear correction • For a value with linear correction, use register 0x0009
0x0075	R	int16	0.1 µg/m^3	1	Particulate matter PM_1, without linear correction • For a value without linear correction, use register 0x0037
0x0076	R	int16	-	1	LPC data state • 0 = LPC data not ready • 1 = LPC data ready
0x007B	R	int16	-	1	LPC humidity invalidation flag Combines all PM values from registers 0x007C - 0x007E • 0 = LPC humidity ok • 1 = LPC measurement may be invalid due to high humidity
0x007C	R	int16	-	1	LPC humidity invalidation flag for PM_1 value • 0 = LPC humidity is ok • 1 = LPC PM_1 measurement may be invalid due to high humidity
0x007D	R	int16	-	1	LPC humidity invalidation flag for $PM_{2.5}$ value • 0 = LPC humidity is ok • 1 = LPC $PM_{2.5}$ measurement may be invalid due to high humidity
0x007E	R	int16	-	1	LPC humidity invalidation flag for PM_{10} value • 0 = LPC humidity is ok • 1 = LPC PM_{10} measurement may be invalid due to high humidity
0x0086	RW	int16	-	1	CO linear correction gain value (1 ... 255, corresponding gain values 0.01 ... 2.55)0

Address	RW	Type	Unit	Register count	Description
0x0087	RW	int16	-	1	O_3 linear correction gain value (1 ... 255, corresponding gain values 0.01 ... 2.55)
0x0088	RW	int16	-	1	NO_2 linear correction gain value (1 ... 255, corresponding gain values 0.01 ... 2.55)
0x0089	RW	int16	-	1	SO_2 linear correction gain value (1 ... 255, corresponding gain values 0.01 ... 2.55)
0x008A	RW	int16	-	1	NO linear correction gain value (1 ... 255, corresponding gain values 0.01 ... 2.55)
0x008B	RW	int16	-	1	H_2S linear correction gain value (1 ... 255, corresponding gain values 0.01 ... 2.55)
0x008C	RW	int16	ppb	1	CO linear correction offset −10000 ... 10000
0x008D	RW	int16	ppb	1	O_3 linear correction offset −10000 ... 10000
0x008E	RW	int16	ppb	1	NO_2 linear correction offset −10000 ... 10000
0x008F	RW	int16	ppb	1	SO_2 linear correction offset −10000 ... 10000
0x0090	RW	int16	ppb	1	NO linear correction offset −10000 ... 10000
0x0091	RW	int16	ppb	1	H_2S linear correction offset −10000 ... 10000
0x0092	RW	int16	0.001	1	$PM_{2.5}$ linear correction gain value Valid range: 1 ... 10000 (0.001 ... 10.000)
0x0093	RW	int16	0.001	1	PM_{10} linear correction gain value Valid range: 1 ... 10000 (0.001 ... 10.000)
0x0094	RW	int16	$0.1\ \mu g/m^3$	1	$PM_{2.5}$ linear correction offset Valid range: -10000 ... 10000 (-1000.0 ... 1000.0)
0x0095	RW	int16	$0.1\ \mu g/m^3$	1	PM_{10} linear correction offset Valid range: -10000 ... 10000 (-1000.0 ... 1000.0)
0x0096	RW	int16	0.001	1	PM_1 linear correction gain value Valid range: 1 ... 10000 (0.001 ... 10.000)
0x0097	RW	int16	$0.1\ \mu g/m^3$	1	PM_1 linear correction offset Valid range: -10000 ... 10000 (-1000.0 ... 1000.0)

Address	RW	Type	Unit	Register count	Description
0x00B4	R	char[8]	-	4	AQT product device serial number (8-character string)
0x00B8	R	char[8]	-	4	HMP serial number (8-character string)
0x00BC	R	char[8]	-	4	LPC serial number (8-character string)
0x00C3	R	int16	-	1	Circuit board serial number, part 1
0x00C4	R	int16	-	1	Circuit board serial number, part 2
0x00C5	R	int16	-	1	Circuit board serial number, part 3
0x00F4	R	uint16	-	1	LPC firmware version major number
0x00F5	R	uint16	-	1	LPC firmware version minor number
0x00F6	R	uint16	-	1	LPC firmware version build number
0x00F7	R	uint32	-	2	LPC firmware version hash number
0x00FA	W	uint16	-	1	Reset device • 1 = Reset device • Other values = no effect
0x00FE	W	uint16	-	1	Write configuration to the onboard EEPROM memory • 1 = Write configuration • Other values = no effect

6.6 Setting up system time over Modbus interface

You can read and write the system time over the Modbus interface.

▶ 1. To read system time, read register 0x0057 first.
  This reads the current system time to a cache and prevents the value from changing when other system time registers are accessed.

 2. After reading the register 0x0057, read registers 0x0058 ... 0x005C to get month, day of month, hours, minutes and seconds.
  The reading order of these registers is free.

 3. To write the system time, set the year, month, day of month, hours and minutes by the means of the registers 0x0057 ... 0x005B.
  This writes the date to the cache.

 4. To finish updating the system time, write seconds to register 0x005C.
  This updates the system time immediately by applying all the recent values from the cache.

7. Troubleshooting

If the product does not work as it should, check all cables and connectors.

Check the maintenance needs.

If the failure persists, contact Vaisala technical support.

Table 38   Troubleshooting AQT530

Problem	Probable cause	Remedy
Measurement failure or irrelevant data values.	The settings are incorrect.	Contact Vaisala technical support.
	There is a hardware failure.	
No response to any commands.	Wiring is wrong.	Check the wiring.
	Operational power is not connected.	Check the operating voltage.
	Baud rate or other serial property of the device is different from the host.	Connect the serial cable and check the serial port settings of the device with a terminal program.
No response to Modbus query.	RS-485 wiring is wrong.	Do the following: 1. Configure human-readable ASCII CSV report, see Configuring ASCII CSV data sending (page 21). 2. Verify that ASCII CSV report is sent every 60 s to RS-485 port. If data is not coming through, change the wiring of pins 5 and 6. See M12 pinout and wiring (page 55). 3. Configure original Modbus mode (Modbus RTU or Modbus ASCII) back to the device, see Configuring Modbus interface (page 20).

7.1 Writing a problem report

When troubleshooting the product, write a problem report including:
- What failed (what worked / did not work)?
- Where did it fail (location and environment)?
- When did it fail (date, immediately / after a while / periodically / randomly)?
- How many failed (only one defect / other same or similar defects / several failures in one unit)?
- What was done when the failure was noticed?
- What was connected to the product and to which connectors?

- Input power source type, voltage, and list of other items (such as lighting, heaters, and motors) that were connected to the same power output.
- Are all parts connected and grounded properly? Take a photo to help the troubleshooting.

Appendix A. M12 pinout and wiring

The M12 connector provides RS-232 and RS-485 serial interfaces.

The 8-pin M12 connector is located on the side of the air quality transmitter and provides power and data to the transmitter.

The following pinout is from the side of AQT530, not the cable.
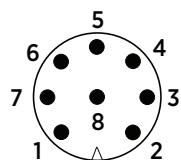
Figure 5   Pinout of M12 connector

Table 39   Pinout of M12 connector

M12 pin	Wire color	RS-232	RS-485
1	White	Data GND	Data GND
2	Brown	RX (input)	–
3	Green	TX (output)	–
4	Yellow	No connection (floating)	
5	Gray	–	B (-)
6	Pink	–	A (+)
7	Blue	Power GND	Power GND
8	Red	Power 10 ... 25 V DC	Power 10 ... 25 V DC
–	Black	Cable GND	Cable GND

RS-232 serial interface

The RS-232 interface is used mainly for the maintenance connection.

RS-485 serial interface

The RS-485 interface is used mainly for the data connection.

RS-485 supports Modbus ASCII and Modbus RTU, and ASCII formatted text with comma separated values (CSV).

Appendix B. OSS licenses

This product contains open source software (OSS) components. Such OSS is governed by the terms and conditions of the applicable OSS licenses, and you are bound by the terms and conditions of such licenses in connection with your use and distribution of the OSS in this product.

If you have any questions about the open source software, contact us at opensourcesw@vaisala.com.

To request a copy of certain open source code as required by certain applicable OSS licenses, send an email to opensourcesw@vaisala.com with the subject line OSS source code request.

List of installed packages and their respective versions and licenses:

Table 40   AQT530 OSS license

Library	Version	License
avr-lic	2.0.0	Modified BSD License / https://www.nongnu.org/avr-libc/LICENSE.txt

License text

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The contents of avr-libc are licensed with a Modified BSD License.

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Warranty

For standard warranty terms and conditions, see www.vaisala.com/warranty.

Please observe that any such warranty may not be valid in case of damage due to normal wear and tear, exceptional operating conditions, negligent handling or installation, or unauthorized modifications. Please see the applicable supply contract or Conditions of Sale for details of the warranty for each product.

Technical support

Contact Vaisala technical support at helpdesk@vaisala.com. Provide at least the following supporting information as applicable:
- Product name, model, and serial number
- Software/Firmware version
- Name and location of the installation site
- Name and contact information of a technical person who can provide further information on the problem

For more information, see www.vaisala.com/support.

Recycling

Recycle all applicable material.

Follow the statutory regulations for disposing of the product and packaging.

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